Chapter 40: From Teddie to TR (Pages 200- 204)
What obstacles did "Teddie" face as a child and how do you think they helped shaped his personality?
What are some of the later obstacles he faced in his young adulthood?
Why did Theodore Roosevelt travel west?
When Roosevelt became president what were some of the things he did to save the wilderness for future generations?
Define:
Anti- imperialist:
Philanthropist:

Chapter 41: The Spanish -American War (Pages 205-211)
Why did Americans want to go to war with Spain?
What happened to the Maine that pushed Americans to desire war with Spain?
What did Theodore Roosevelt do when America went to war with Spain?
What were the results/effects of the Spanish-American war?
When Theodore Roosevelt returned from the War what happened?
Why was he nominated for Vice President?
Define Yellow Journalism:
Define Expansionism/Imperialism:

Chapter 42: Aloha Oe (Pages 212- 217)
Who were the first people to settle the Hawaiian Islands?
What were some of their traditions?
What were some of the changes that were brought to Hawaii with the presence of religious missionaries?
What other newcomers came to the Islands?
What were the effects the newcomers had on Hawaii?
What does the term Manifest Destiny mean?
When was Hawaii annexed?
When did it become our 50th state?

Chapter 43: Teddy Bear President (Pages 218- 219)
How did the Teddy Bear get its name?
What were some of the changes Roosevelt is responsible for?
Who did Roosevelt invite to the White House for dinner that upset some?
When building the Panama Canal what were some of the biggest challenges?
What was Roosevelt's favorite saying?
What does it mean?
Why was he given a Nobel Peace Prize?

Chapter 46: William Howard Taft (Pages 229- 232)
Before becoming president what did Taft do?
Taft did not want to be president. Who persuaded him to run for president?
What happened during Taft's presidency the TR disagreed with?
Why did Roosevelt start his own party?
What was that party called? (two names)
How did TR's running for president for a 3^{rd} term help Democrat Woodrow Wilson win the election?

Chapter 47: A Schoolteacher President (pages 233-236) As a child, what disability did Wilson face? How may have this helped shape the man he became? What were some setbacks Wilson had to overcome to pursue his political/professor career? What University did he eventually become president of? Why did New Jersey City Bosses back Wilson for NJ governor? What effect did Wilson have on NJ? What were some of Wilson's progressive goals? Wilson made a lot of great changes to American society and government. However, what were some things that he did nothing to change? How did Wilson's ideas on foreign affairs differ from past presidents?

Chapter 48: War (Pages 237-243)
How was World War I different from other wars?
How was WWI more destructible than everyone expected?
What were Wilson's beliefs on entering the war?
When and why did he change his mind regarding the US involvement in the war?
What were the main causes of the war?
Who were the Allies?
Who were the Central Powers?

Chapter 49: War's End (pages 244-246)
When did WWI end?
How many people died?
What was Armistice Day?
Why was President Wilson referred to as a man of integrity?
According to President Wilson what was the main goal of the US involvement in the war?

Chapter 50: Fourteen Points Pages 247-252
What were the "Fourteen Points" Wilson came up with before the end of the war?
What were the goals of the Fourteen Points?
How did Wilson try to get support on the League of Nations; what were the challenges?
Why didn't the US join the League of Nations?
Describe what happened in the 1918 Influenza Pandemic?